



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER/CHEMICAL IDENTITY

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: Stihl ProCOM Headset Battery Pack.

1.2 PRODUCT CODE: 0000-889-8011, 0000-884-0544, 0000-883-0813

1.3 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST:
RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES: Rechargeable Integrated Lithium ion battery pack.
RESTRICTIONS ON USE: Use only with Stihl ProCOM Headsets.

1.4 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET:

SUPPLIER NAME: Stihl Pty Ltd (ABN: 76 004 881 145),
ADDRESS: 5 Kingston Park Court, Knoxfield, Victoria, Australia, 3180
9 Bishop Browne Place, East Tamaki, Auckland, New Zealand, 1730.
E-MAIL: csc@stihl.com.au; info@stihl.co.nz

TELEPHONE NUMBER: +61 3 9215 6666 (NZ: +64 9262 4000)

1.5 EMERGENCY TEL. NUMBER: Poisons Information Centre (Aust 131 126; NZ 0800 764 766)

1.6 HSNO DETAILS:
HSNO APPROVAL NUMBER: Not Applicable.
HSNO GROUP TITLE: Not Applicable.

SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL:
GHS CLASSIFICATION HAZARD
CLASS & CATEGORY: The product is a Lithium ion battery and is therefore classified as an article and is not hazardous when used according to the recommendations of the manufacturer. The hazard is associated with the contents of the battery. Under recommended use conditions, the electrode materials and liquid electrolyte are non-reactive provided that the battery integrity remains, and the seals remain intact. The potential for exposure should not exist unless the battery leaks, is exposed to high temperatures or is mechanically, electrically or physically abused/damaged. If the battery is **compromised and starts to leak**, based upon the battery ingredients, under the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, the ingredients in the product would be rated as hazardous as per **Section 2.3 Other Hazards***.

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS INCLUDING PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:
No Work Health and Safety labelling is applicable to the battery which is considered an Article. If the battery is **compromised and starts to leak**, based upon the battery ingredients, under the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, the ingredients in the product would be rated as hazardous and the Label Elements and Precautionary Statements as per **Section 2.3 Other Hazards*** will be applicable.

SIGNAL WORD: Not Applicable.
PICTOGRAMS: Not Applicable.
HAZARD STATEMENTS: Not Applicable.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

PREVENTION: Not Applicable.
RESPONSE: Not Applicable.
STORAGE: Not Applicable.
DISPOSAL: Not Applicable.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION Continued

2.3 OTHER HAZARDS*: The following hazards are associated with the battery if the unit is compromised and the materials escape. They represent the hazards of the contents of the product that are not available under normal conditions of use but may create exposure if the casing of the article is damaged or breached.

GHS CLASSIFICATION HAZARD

CLASS & CATEGORY: Under the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations the product would be rated by calculation as Hazardous:
Flammable Liquids - Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Oral - Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1B
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Category 3
Sensitisation - Respiratory - Category 1
Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) - Category 1

SIGNAL WORD: Danger.

PICTOGRAMS:



HAZARD STATEMENTS: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H331 - Toxic if inhaled.
H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H360f - May damage fertility.
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

PREVENTION: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 - Do not breathe fume/mist/vapours.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face Protection/hearing protection.
P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

RESPONSE: P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
 P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
 P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or water fog for extinction.
 P390 - Absorb spillage/leaking electrolyte to prevent material damage.
 P391 - Collect spillage.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION Continued

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (Continued):

STORAGE: P405 - Store locked up.
 P406 - Store any spilled/leaking electrolyte material in a corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

DISPOSAL: P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

ADDITIONAL HAZARDS: Lithium-Ion Batteries have a gas tight seal and are safe as long as they are handled in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. When re-charging batteries, always use chargers which are suitable for the battery type. Do not short-circuit batteries. Do not cause mechanical damage to batteries, by processes such as puncturing, deforming, disassembling, etc. Do not heat them above the permitted temperature (60°C) or burn them. Keep batteries away from small children. Never assume a battery is fully discharged. Batteries can contain a considerable amount of energy, which may be a source of high electric current and lead to severe electrical shock in the event of a short-circuit.

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS	CAS NUMBER	Concentration % W/W	GHS Classification*
Cathode Material Options			
Cobaltate (CoO ₂), lithium	12190-79-3	25 - 35%	Acut Tox 2 - H330 Resp Sen 1 - H334 Repro Tox 1B - H360f STOT (RE) 1 - H372
Graphite	7782-42-5	15 - 25%	Not Applic
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.5 - 3%	Not Applic
Electrolyte Components		10 - <15%	GHS Classification*
Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium	21324-40-3		Acut Tox 3 - H301 Skin Corr 1B - H314 STOT (RE) 1 - H372
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6		Flam Liq 2 - H225
Carbonate, Methyl ethyl	623-53-0		Flam Liq 2 - H225
Ethylene Carbonate	96-49-1		Acut Tox 4 - H302 Eye Irrt 2A - H319 STOT (RE) 2 - H373

Compounds determined not to be hazardous - To 100% Not Applicable

* Please see Section 15 of this SDS for the full text description of the Label Elements.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF NECESSARY FIRST AID MEASURES:

The hazardous components of this battery are contained within a sealed unit. The hazardous contents are a corrosive electrolyte (Lithium salts in organic solvents) contained in cells containing Cobaltate (CoO₂), lithium. **The following measures are only applicable if exposure has occurred to the components when a battery leaks, is exposed to high temperatures or is mechanically, electrically or physically abused/damaged.**

INGESTION: If the contents have been ingested, rinse mouth out with water. If swallowed, Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical advice immediately as urgent hospital treatment is likely to be required. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor at once. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES Continued

EYE: If the contents come into contact with eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye immediately with large amounts of running water. Continue flushing for at least 15 minutes or until advised to stop by a doctor. Check for contact lenses. If there are contact lenses, these should be removed after several minutes of rinsing by the exposed person or medical personnel if it can be done easily. As the product is rated as Causes severe eye damage, after flushing, immediately call a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or doctor/physician.

SKIN CONTACT: If skin or hair contact has occurred with the contents, remove any contaminated clothing and footwear, wash skin or hair thoroughly with soap and water. As the product is rated as a Corrosive that Causes severe skin burns, after flushing, immediately call a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or doctor/physician.

INHALATION: If affected by content fume, mists or vapours, remove the patient from further exposure into fresh air, if safe to do so. If providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself - only enter contaminated environments with adequate respiratory equipment. Once removed, lay patient down in a well-ventilated area and reassure them whilst waiting for medical assistance. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration and seek immediate medical assistance. If unconscious, place in a recovery position and seek immediate medical assistance. As the electrolyte is corrosive and decomposition may cause corrosive and toxic vapours, if the person has inhaled vapours and is having difficulty breathing, immediately call a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or doctor/physician.

PROTECTION FOR FIRST AIDERS: No person shall place themselves in a situation that is potentially hazardous to themselves. Due to the corrosive and flammable nature of the electrolyte liquid and the potential for toxic and corrosive decomposition vapours when leaking, never enter the area until you have assessed the environment for oxygen depletion and flammable and corrosive vapours. Only personnel trained in dealing with corrosive spill scenarios should enter such areas. Do not enter corrosive vapour contaminated areas without Self Contained Breathing Apparatus once you have assessed the atmosphere. As the electrolyte is corrosive, if the person has ingested the electrolyte, DO NOT use direct mouth-to-mouth resuscitation techniques. Always ensure that you are wearing gloves when dealing with first aid procedures involving chemicals and/or blood.

FIRST AID FACILITIES: Eye wash fountain and safety showers or at least a source of potable running water are required in the area where the product is used.

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS & EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE & DELAYED, CAUSED BY EXPOSURE:

ACUTE:

The contents of the battery are rated as corrosive. Ingestion of the electrolyte could lead to immediate severe gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea and vomiting and this could lead rapidly to burns. The product is rated as toxic by inhalation. Inhalation of vapours may lead to severe irritation of the mouth and upper respiratory tract with a burning sensation, pain, burns and inflammation in the nose and throat; there may also be coughing or difficulty breathing. The battery components may cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Eye contact may lead to immediate severe eye irritation or in worst case scenario irreversible damage and possible eye burns. Skin contact with the battery contents may lead to chemical burns.

CHRONIC:

Skin contact may aggravate/exacerbate existing skin conditions, such as dermatitis. The battery components include Cobaltate (CoO₂), lithium which is rated as a skin sensitiser and as may damage fertility if swallowed or inhaled.

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NECESSARY:

ADVICE TO DOCTOR:

Treat symptomatically. Please note the corrosive nature of the electrolyte liquid and the potential for toxic and corrosive decomposition products such as hydrofluoric acid when leaking.

Page 5 of 13
Product: Stihl ProCOM Battery Pack

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

SUITABLE MEDIA:

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or water fog. If batteries are involved in a fire and the hazard situation is unclear, only extinguish with dry chemical extinguishers.

UNSUITABLE MEDIA:

Do not use water or foam extinguishers on ruptured batteries. Confining or smothering the fire is recommended as reaction of the materials with water may produce flammable and explosive hydrogen gas as well as corrosive hydrogen fluoride gas. Hydrofluoric acid can cause severe chemical burns, is extremely reactive and is toxic by all routes of exposure.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

COMBUSTION HAZARDS:

Combustion and thermal degradation of the battery may produce hazardous fumes of lithium, cobalt and phosphate, hydrofluoric acid, hydrogen and oxides of carbon as well as smoke and irritating vapours.

5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

FIRE:

This product is not combustible, however electrolyte leakage or battery container rupture is possible under the conditions experienced in a fire. The manufacture states that the electrolyte solution may create a flammable atmosphere. Do not spray water onto leaking batteries.

HAZCHEM CODE:

2Y.

EXPLOSION:

Based upon manufacturer information, the batteries may explode, burst, rupture or vent when exposed to temperatures above 60°C.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing equipment with full-face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

For small spills where a battery is leaking, wear PVC gloves, glasses/goggles, boots, a rubber apron and full-length clothing. Do not walk through the spill. During routine operation a respirator is not required. However, if mists or vapours are generated, an approved inorganic vapours and gases/acid gases/particulate

respirator is required. For large battery spill scenarios, or in confined spaces, a full chemically resistant bodysuit with self-contained breathing apparatus is required. Due to the flammability of some of the electrolyte components, the area must be assessed for flammable vapours before entering. Never enter an area with a flammable atmosphere. NOTE: Due to the nature of the hazards associated with leaking batteries, for anything other than an incident involving a single battery, only trained personnel should deal with such incidents.

CONTROL MEASURES:

If there are leaking batteries, isolate them and immediately clear/evacuate the surrounding area. Electrolyte leakage may occur if the battery case or the housing of the product with a built-in battery is damaged. Place the batteries or products with a built-in battery in an airtight, fireproof container filled with dry sand, chalk powder (CaCO₃) or vermiculite. Any leaking chemicals are absorbed in this way. Ensure adequate ventilation to dissipate any vapours. Extinguish and/or remove all sources of ignition. Never enter a spill area unless you know the vapours have dissipated to make the area safe. Stop the leak if safe to do so. Caution: The spilled product will be slippery. Avoid contact with the spilled material. Please Note: When storing damaged batteries or products with a built-in battery that a thermal reaction can take place even several days later. Therefore, always store in a safe place.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES: In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify the relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Continued

6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

SPILL ADVICE:

Do not allow batteries or electrolyte to enter drains, surface water, sewers or watercourses - inform local authorities if this occurs.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

CONTAINMENT:

Contain the spill and absorb with a proprietary absorbent material suitable for battery leaks/spills, vermiculite, DRY sand or earth or chalk powder (CaCO₃). **NOTE:** DO NOT expose any leaking batteries to moisture. Caution: The spilled product will be slippery. For large battery spill scenarios prepare a bund/barrier/dyke ahead of the spill to confine the spill and allow later recovery. If there is the possibility of spills to enter drains, surface water, sewers or watercourses ensure bunding, or that drains are covered, to minimise the potential for this to occur.

CLEANING PROCEDURES:

Having contained the spill, as mentioned above, collect all material quickly and place used absorbent and spent packaging in suitable plastic containers. Caution: The spilled product will be slippery. Follow local regulations for the disposal of waste. Personnel must wear the appropriate protection as mentioned in Section 6.1 during cleaning procedures. Wash contaminated area and objects with large volumes of detergent and water after spill has been cleared. Rinse the cleaned area with water.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE, INCLUDING HOW THE CHEMICAL MAY BE SAFELY USED

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

SAFE HANDLING:

Under normal operating conditions where the battery remains intact and is not damaged, it is not hazardous. Do not open the battery, damage it or allow it to fall from a substantial height as this could cause a potential exposure and release of the hazardous contents. Protect battery from short-circuiting as it may lead to an explosion. Protect the battery from rain and do not immerse in liquids as there is a danger of short-circuiting the unit. Protect the battery from fire and excessive

heat. Do NOT incinerate the battery as there is a danger of explosion. Do NOT use or charge damaged, defective or deformed batteries. Use only with Stihl ProCOM Headsets and use only Stihl chargers to charge or discharge the battery. Only connect the battery to the headset when it is going to be used. Always remove the battery from the headset for transportation purposes. Never use the battery for any other purpose than for that which it has been designed.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:

SAFE STORAGE:

Store in a dry, well ventilated area away from direct sunlight, oxidising agents including strong acids and foodstuffs. Nominated use and storage range is -20°C to +35°C. Optimum preservation of functionality occurs at 20°C. Elevated temperatures can result in reduced battery cycle life. Battery exposure to temperatures in excess of 60°C will result in venting flammable liquid and gases according to the manufacturer.

INCOMPATIBILITIES:

As a precaution avoid oxidising substances including strong acids.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 EXPOSURE CONTROL MEASURES:

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES: Exposure standards are not applicable to the sealed article. If there is an incident that releases materials in the form of dust or particulates batteries may release materials with the following Exposure Standards:

Carbon Black

TWA: 3mg/m³

Graphite, all forms except fibres Respirable Dust (Natural & Synthetic):

TWA: 3mg/m³

Page 7 of 13

Product: Stihl ProCOM Battery Pack

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION Cont'd

8.2 BIOLOGICAL MONITORING:

Not applicable to the sealed article.

8.3 CONTROL BANDING: Not applicable to the sealed article.

8.4 ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Special ventilation is not required when using this product in normal use scenarios. However, if a battery is compromised and mists, vapours, dusts or particulates are released local exhaust ventilation should be provided to maintain airborne concentration levels below the nominated exposure standards and at an acceptable level that does not cause irritation. PLEASE NOTE: Due to the flammable nature of the electrolyte liquids, if there is a necessity to use ventilation equipment it should not be a potential source of ignition for any vapours generated.

8.5 INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES:

EYE & FACE PROTECTION: Eye protection is not required when handling the battery during normal use. Wear safety glasses/goggles if handling a leaking or ruptured battery. Use eye protection in accordance with AS 1336 and AS 1337.

SKIN (HAND) PROTECTION: Hand protection is not required when handling the battery during normal use. PVC gloves are recommended when dealing with a leaking or ruptured battery.

SKIN (CLOTHING) PROTECTION:

Skin protection is not required when handling the battery during normal use. Wear a rubber apron and long sleeved clothing to avoid skin contact if handling a leaking or ruptured battery. Soiled clothing should be washed with detergent prior to re-use.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: During routine operation a respirator is not required. However, if dealing with an electrolyte leakage from a single battery, and irritating vapours are generated, an

approved half face inorganic vapours and gases/acid gases/particulate respirator is required. Use respirators in accordance with AS 1715 and AS 1716.

THERMAL PROTECTION: Not applicable.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

APPEARANCE: Manufactured sealed unit.
ODOUR: Not applicable.
ODOUR THRESHOLD: Not applicable.
pH @ 20°C: Not applicable.
MELTING/FREEZING POINT: Not applicable.
INITIAL BOILING POINT: Not applicable.
BOILING RANGE (°C): Not applicable.
FLASHPOINT (°C): Not applicable.
EVAPORATION RATE: Not applicable.
FLAMMABILITY LIMITS (%): Not applicable.
VAPOUR PRESSURE (kPa): Not applicable.
VAPOUR DENSITY: Not applicable.
DENSITY (g/mL @ 20°C): Not applicable.
SOLUBILITY IN WATER(g/L): Not applicable.
PARTITION COEFFICIENT: Not applicable.
AUTO-IGNITION TEMP (°C): Not applicable.
DECOMPOSITION TEMP (°C): Not applicable.
VISCOSITY (cSt @ 100°C): Not applicable.
VISCOSITY (cSt @ 40°C): Not applicable.

Page 8 of 13
Product: Stihl ProCOM Battery Pack

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 REACTIVITY: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards other than those listed in the following sub-sections.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Keep away from strong oxidising agents, such as strong acids. Reaction of the leaking electrolyte materials with water may produce flammable and explosive hydrogen gas as well as corrosive hydrogen fluoride gas and carbon monoxide. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Do not incinerate the battery or heat above 60°C. Above this temperature the battery is at risk of venting flammable liquid and gases according to the manufacturer. Do not, puncture, deform, mutilate, crush or disassemble the unit as it may lead to leakage of the hazardous electrolyte. Avoid short-circuiting of the unit as it may lead to an explosion. Avoid prolonged exposure to conditions of high humidity. When stored at temperatures above 35°C, the battery may age faster and lose its functionality.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: The closed unit should not be exposed to strong oxidising agents, including acids, strong bases, water or moisture.

10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage requirements. See Section 5.2 for Hazardous Combustion products.

Please note that in contact with water, the electrolyte may produce highly flammable Hydrogen gas as well as Hydrofluoric acid which can cause severe chemical burns, is extremely reactive and is toxic by all routes of exposure.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

The hazardous components of the battery are contained within a sealed unit. Under recommended use conditions, the electrode materials and liquid electrolyte are non-reactive provided that the battery integrity remains, and the seals remain intact. The potential for exposure should not exist unless the battery leaks, is exposed to high temperatures or is mechanically, electrically or physically abused/damaged. **The following toxicology data is in respect to if the person comes into contact with the contents of the battery.**

11.2 SWALLOWED:

Due to the presence of Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium, and Ethylene Carbonate the contents of the battery are rated as Harmful if swallowed. The electrolyte contained within the battery is a corrosive liquid. Ingestion of the electrolyte could lead to immediate severe gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea and vomiting and this could lead rapidly to burns. During normal usage ingestion should not be a means of exposure.

11.3 SKIN CORROSION/ IRRITATION:

Due to the presence of Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium the contents of the battery are rated as Causes severe skin burns. The components contained within the battery are corrosive and it is expected that it would cause immediate severe skin irritation before leading rapidly to skin burns if not washed off immediately. Correct handling procedures incorporating appropriate protective clothing and gloves should minimise the risk of skin irritation. People with pre-existing skin conditions, such as dermatitis, should take extreme care so as not to exacerbate the condition.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Continued

11.4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ IRRITATION:

Due to the presence of Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium the contents of the battery are corrosive and Causes severe eye damage. The components contained within the battery are corrosive and it is expected that it would lead to immediate severe eye irritation or in worst case scenario irreversible damage and possible eye burns. Contact may cause corneal burns. Effects may be slow to heal after eye contact. Correct handling procedures incorporating appropriate eye protection should minimise the risk of eye irritation.

11.5 RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION:

The contents of the battery are not expected to be a skin sensitiser based on the available data and the known hazards of the components. Due to the presence of Cobaltate (CoO21-), lithium, the contents of the battery are rated as May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Though inhalation of Cobaltate (CoO21-), lithium would be difficult to achieve during a slow, small leakage scenario.

11.6 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY:

The contents of the battery are not expected to be mutagenic based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.

- 11.7 CARCINOGENICITY:** The contents of the battery are not expected to be a carcinogen, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
- 11.8 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:** Due to the presence of Cobaltate (CoO21-), lithium, the contents of the battery are rated as May damage fertility if swallowed or inhaled. Though ingestion or inhalation of Cobaltate (CoO21-), lithium would be difficult to achieve during a slow, small leakage scenario.
- 11.9 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (STOT) - SINGLE EXPOSURE:** The presence of Cobaltate (CoO21-), lithium means that the product is rated as Toxic if inhaled, however during normal spill scenarios it should not be possible to inhale the Cobaltate (CoO21-), lithium. This may potentially occur in a fire or explosion scenario where vapours or mists containing this ingredient may be encountered. The electrolyte contained within the battery is corrosive and is expected to cause respiratory irritation by inhalation. Inhalation of vapours may lead to severe irritation of the mouth and upper respiratory tract with a burning sensation, pain and inflammation in the nose and throat that quickly progresses to chemical burns. There may also be coughing or difficulty breathing.
- 11.10 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (STOT) - REPEATED EXPOSURE:** Due to the presence of Cobaltate (CoO21-), lithium, and Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium, the contents of the battery are rated as Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed or inhaled. Though inhalation of the components would be difficult to achieve during a slow, small leakage scenario. During normal usage ingestion of the battery contents should not be a means of exposure.
- 11.11 ASPIRATION HAZARD:** This product is not classified as an aspiration hazard, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components. However, due to the corrosive nature of the contents of the battery if swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting has occurred after ingestion the person should be observed to ensure that aspiration into the lungs has not occurred and assessed for chemical burns to the gastrointestinal and respiratory tracts.
- 11.12 OTHER INFORMATION:** No additional data is available.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 12.1 ECOTOXICITY:** The sealed battery is not an Ecotoxicity hazard. When used properly and disposed of correctly, the battery does not present an environmental hazard.
- 12.2 PERSISTENCE & DEGRADABILITY:** There is no data available for the battery contents.
- 12.3 BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:** There is no data available for the battery contents.
- 12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL:** There is no data available for the battery contents.
- 12.5 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:** There is no data available for the battery contents. Do not let internal components enter the marine environment. Avoid releasing internal components to water ways, waste water or ground waters.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 DISPOSAL METHODS:

PRODUCT:

The battery should not be released to the environment, so they should be recycled wherever possible or be disposed as hazardous waste at an appropriate collection depot. Follow Government regulations for disposal of such waste. Batteries must be taken for recycling or disposal by suitably licensed contractors in accordance with Government regulations. Note: The risks associated with lithium battery recycling include the potential for a fire or explosion if batteries become over-heated, for example if they short-circuit. Used batteries should be stored in their original packaging, a plastic bag or with their terminals/contacts taped, to minimise the potential for short-circuiting to occur. Batteries should be fully discharged before being sent for recycling. Do not store used batteries near heat sources, chemicals or food. Do not store or transport used Lithium batteries with lead acid batteries as they have different regulatory requirements. Do not break open or damage Lithium batteries prior to disposal. Care should be taken at all times to ensure that used batteries are not damaged during storage or transportation.

CONTAINERS:

Not applicable.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Lithium batteries are regulated for land, sea and air transportation. It is recommended that Lithium ion batteries should not be fitted to equipment during transportation. **NOTE:** Batteries must always be protected against short-circuiting during transportation. Special precautions should be undertaken when damaged or defective batteries are transported. You must contact the manufacturer before transporting damaged or defective batteries. It is prohibited to carry defective or damaged batteries by air.

14.1 LAND (ADG Code):

UN NUMBER:

3480 or 3481 (When packed with or contained in equipment)

UN PROPER SHIPPING

NAME:

3480 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES (including lithium ion polymer batteries).
3481 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries) or
3481 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries).

TRANSPORT HAZARD

CLASS(ES):

9

PACKAGING GROUP:

Not applicable

ENVIRONMENTAL

HAZARDS:

Not applicable

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

FOR USER:

3480 - 188, 230, 310, 348, 376, 377, 384, 387, 390 (Special Pkg Instructions P903, P908, P909, P910, P911, LP903, LP904, LP905, LP906 apply)
3481 - 188, 230, 310, 348, 360, 376, 377, 384, 387 (Special Pkg Instructions P903, P908, P909, P910, P911, LP903, LP904, LP905, LP906 apply)

HAZCHEM CODE:

2Y

Page 11 of 13
Product: Stihl ProCOM Battery Pack

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION Continued

14.2 SEA (IMDG):

UN NUMBER:

3480 or 3481 (When packed with or contained in equipment)

UN PROPER SHIPPING

NAME:

3480 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES (including lithium ion polymer batteries).
3481 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries) or
3481 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries).

TRANSPORT HAZARD

CLASS(ES):

9

PACKAGING GROUP:	Not applicable
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:	Not applicable
SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR USER:	3480 - 188, 230, 310, 348, 376, 377, 384, 636 (Special Pkg Instructions P903, P908, P909, P910, LP903, LP904 apply) 3481 - 188, 230, 310, 348, 360, 376, 377, 384, 636 (Special Pkg Instructions P903, P908, P909, P910, LP903, LP904 apply)
OTHER INFORMATION:	EmS: F-A, S-I; Stowage Category A
14.3 AIR (IATA):	
UN NUMBER:	3480 or 3481 (When packed with or contained in equipment)
UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	3480 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES. 3481 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or 3481 - LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT
TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES):	9
PACKAGING GROUP:	Not applicable
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:	Not applicable
SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR USER:	3480 - A88, A99, A154, A164, A183 3481 (Packed with equipment) - A88, A99, A154, A164, A181, A185, A206, A213, A220. 3481 (Contained in equipment) - A48, A99, A154, A164, A181, A185, A206, A213, A220.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION
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15.1 SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS:
APPLICABLE REGULATIONS:

SUSMP:	Not applicable
AIIC:	This section is not applicable as batteries are a sealed article.
MONTREAL PROTOCOL:	Not applicable to this product.
STOCKHOLM CONVENTION:	Not applicable to this product.
ROTTERDAM CONVENTION:	Not applicable to this product.
BASEL CONVENTION:	Not applicable to this product.
INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION FROM SHIPS (MARPOL):	Not applicable to this product.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION Continued
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OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION:
GHS CLASSIFICATION HAZARD CLASS & CATEGORY AND HAZARD STATEMENT: Flammable Liquids Category 2; H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Flammable Liquids Category 3; H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute Toxicity - Oral Category 3; H301 - Toxic if swallowed.

Acute Toxicity - Oral Category 4; H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B; H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 2A; H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Category 2; H330 - Fatal if inhaled.
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Category 3; H331 - Toxic if inhaled.
Sensitisation - Respiratory Category 1; H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Reproductive Toxicity Category 1B; H360f - May damage fertility if swallowed or inhaled.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) Category 1; H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed or inhaled.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) Category 2; H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

HSNO APPROVAL NUMBER: Not applicable.

HSNO GROUP TITLE: Not applicable.

SECTION 16 – ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

SDS INFORMATION:

Date of SDS Preparation: 7th July 2022

Revision: 0.0

REVISION CHANGES: Initial preparation of SDS.

ACRONYMS:

SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
CAS Number	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
UN Number	United Nations Number
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
HSE-WEL	Health and Safety Executive - Workplace Exposure Limit
EH40	EH40/2005 Workplace Exposure Limits
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IUCLID	International Uniform Chemical Information Database
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
%W/W	Percent weight for weight
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development
ADG Code	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
HAZCHEM Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services
NOHSC	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
AICIS	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme
IMAP	Inventory Multi-Tiered Assessment and Prioritisation
AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
TWA	Time-Weighted Average
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
GHS	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
WHS	Work Health and Safety PPE Personal Protective Equipment.

Page 13 of 13
Product: Stihl ProCOM Battery Pack

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 16 – ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION Continued

ACRONYMS Continued:

LD ₅₀	Median Lethal Dose
LC ₅₀	Median Lethal Concentration
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration of a substance that causes 50% of the maximum response after exposure for a nominated time
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
ECHA	European Chemicals Agency
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
HCIS	Hazardous Chemical Information System
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES OF DATA:

OECD Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals
 Annex I: OECD Test Guidelines for Studies Included in SIDS
 Manual for the Assessment of Chemicals Chapter 2 Data Gathering
 International Toxicity Testing Guidelines
 Hazardous Substance Information System - Guidance Material for Hazard Classifications
 Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.
 Model Work Health and Safety Regulations.
 Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Transitional Principles
 Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants
 Australian Dangerous Goods Code 7th Edition
 Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]
 Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations
 Assigning a Hazardous Substance to a Group Standard
 User Guide to the HSNO Thresholds and Classifications
 Summary User Guide to the HSNO Thresholds and Classifications of Hazardous Substances
 Correlation between GHS and New Zealand HSNO Hazard Classes and Categories
 HSNO Control Regulations
 Record of Group Standard Assignment
 Labelling of Hazardous Substances Hazard and Precautionary Information
 Thresholds and Classifications Under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
 Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices
 Handheld Battery Recycling - Guidelines for Lithium Batteries (Australian Battery Recycling Initiative)
 Handheld Battery Recycling - Guidelines for Transport (Australian Battery Recycling Initiative)
 NICNAS IMAP Human Health Tier II Assessment for Sparingly Soluble Cobalt Salts including Cobaltate (CoO21-)
 CAS Number: 12190-79-3.
 ECHA Registration Dossier for Lithium Hexafluorophosphate (1-) CAS Number: 21324-40-3
 ECHA Registration Dossier for Ethylene Carbonate CAS Number: 96-49-1

All information contained in this Safety Data Sheet and the health, safety and environmental information are considered to be accurate to the best of our knowledge as of the issue date specified above. The information presented here within, is based upon the product information supplied by the manufacturer. However, no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information contained in this data sheet.

Health and safety precautions and environmental advice noted in this data sheet may not be accurate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company accepts no responsibility for any injury, loss or damage, resulting from abnormal use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material.